



Australian Government
**Australian Pesticides and
Veterinary Medicines Authority**

**PERMIT TO ALLOW MINOR USE OF A REGISTERED AGVET CHEMICAL
PRODUCT FOR CONTROL OF SCLEROTINIA ROT IN NAVY BEANS AND
CHOCOLATE SPOT AND GREY MOULD IN FABA BEANS**

PERMIT NUMBER – PER92791

This permit is issued to the Permit Holder in response to an application granted by the APVMA under section 112 of the Agvet Codes of the jurisdictions set out below. This permit allows a person, as stipulated below, to use the product in the manner specified in this permit in the designated jurisdictions. This permit also allows the Permit Holder and any person stipulated below to claim that the product can be used in the manner specified in this permit.

THIS PERMIT IS IN FORCE FROM 27 OCTOBER 2022 TO 31 OCTOBER 2025

Permit Holder:

PULSE AUSTRALIA LIMITED
Suite 501, Level 5, 6 Help Street
CHATSWOOD NSW 2067

Persons who can use the product under this permit:

Persons generally.

CONDITIONS OF USE

Products to be used:

SUMITOMO SUMISCLEX 500 FUNGICIDE (APVMA No. 50883)
PLUS OTHER REGISTERED PRODUCTS
Containing: 500 g/L PROCYMIDONE as the only active constituent.

IMTRADE NOSCLEX 800 WG FUNGICIDE (APVMA No. 70284)
PLUS OTHER REGISTERED PRODUCTS
Containing: 800 g/kg PROCYMIDONE as the only active constituent.

RESTRAINT:

DO NOT enter treated areas until spray has dried. If prior entry is necessary, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and elbow-length chemical resistant gloves.
Toxic to aquatic life. DO NOT contaminate wetlands or watercourses with this product or used containers.

Spray Drift Restraints

Specific definitions for terms used in this section of the label can be found at apvma.gov.au/spraydrift.

DO NOT allow bystanders to come into contact with the spray cloud.

DO NOT apply in a manner that may cause an unacceptable impact to native vegetation, agricultural crops, landscaped gardens and aquacultural production, or cause contamination of plant or livestock commodities, outside the application site from spray drift. The advisory buffer zones in the relevant buffer zone table below provide guidance but may not be sufficient in all situations. Wherever possible, correctly use application equipment designed to reduce spray drift and apply when the wind direction is away from these sensitive areas.

DO NOT apply unless the wind speed is between 3 and 20 kilometres per hour at the application site during the time of application.

DO NOT apply if there are surface temperature inversion conditions present at the application site during the time of application. These conditions exist most evenings one to two hours before sunset and persist until one to two hours after sunrise.

DO NOT apply by a boom sprayer unless the following requirements are met:

- Spray droplets not smaller than a MEDIUM spray droplet category.
- Minimum distances between the application site and downwind sensitive areas (see 'Mandatory buffer zones' tables below) are observed.

Mandatory buffer zones for navy beans:

DO NOT apply by air to navy beans.

Ground based boom sprayers						
Application rate	Boom height above the target	Bystander areas	Natural aquatic areas	Pollinator areas	Vegetation areas	Livestock areas
Up to max. permitted rate	0.5 m or lower	Not required	Not required	Not required	Not required	20 m
	1.0 m or lower	Not required	5 m	Not required	Not required	100 m
Min. permitted rate	0.5 m or lower	Not required	Not required	Not required	Not required	Not required
	1.0 m or lower	Not required	Not required	Not required	Not required	30 m

Mandatory buffer zones for faba beans:

Ground based boom sprayer					
Boom height above target canopy	Bystander areas	Natural aquatic areas	Pollinator areas	Vegetation areas	Livestock areas
0.5 m or lower	Not required	Not required	Not required	Not required	Not required
1.0 m or lower	Not required	Not required	Not required	Not required	30 m

Aerial application					
Type of aircraft	Bystander areas	Natural aquatic areas	Pollinator areas	Vegetation areas	Livestock areas
Fixed-wing	Not required	Not required	Not required	Not required	230 m
Helicopter	Not required	10 m	Not required	Not required	140 m

Directions for Use:

Crop	Disease	Rate
Navy Beans (<i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i>)	Sclerotinia rot (<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>)	500 g/L product: 1 – 1.5 L/ha 800 g/kg product: 600 – 900 g/ha
Faba Beans (<i>Vicia faba</i>)	Chocolate spot (<i>Botrytis fabae</i>) Grey mould (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>)	500 g/L product: 500 mL/ha 800 g/kg product: 300 g/ha

Critical Use Comments:

- Navy beans:
 - Apply when 75% of plants first show open blossom and again no sooner than 7 days later to protect new growth. Use higher rate when disease pressure is high.
 - Apply by ground based boomspray only.
- Faba beans:
 - Inspect crops regularly on the mid to lower leaves where disease will occur first. Apply spray in the early stages of attack, i.e., 1-2 spots per leaflet and when weather conditions favour disease. These are temperatures between 15 and 20°C (Tasmania 10-20 °C) and moist, humid conditions (66% RH and over).
 - Apply by boomspray, ground or aerial.
- Apply in sufficient water to provide good coverage. Use a minimum spray volume of:
 - 100 L/ha for all ground based applications
 - 45 L/ha for aerial application to faba beans
- DO NOT apply more than 2 applications per crop.
- DO NOT apply less than 7 days after the initial treatment.

Safety Directions:

May irritate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. When opening the container and preparing the product for use, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and elbow length chemical resistant gloves. When using the product, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing). Wash hands after use. After each day's use, wash gloves and contaminated clothing.

First Aid Instructions: If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 131 126, New Zealand 00800 764 766.

Withholding Period:

Harvest: Do not harvest for 21 days after application.

Grazing: Do not graze or cut for stock food for 21 days after application.

Jurisdiction:

All States and Territories, except VIC.

Note: Victoria is not included in this permit, as their Control-of-Use legislation means a permit is not required to legalise this off-label use in that State.

Additional Conditions:

This permit allows for the use of a product in a manner specified on the permit. Persons who wish to prepare for use and/or use products for the purposes specified in this permit must read, or have read to them, the details and conditions of this permit. Unless otherwise stated, the use of the product must be in accordance with the product label.

Export of treated produce

Temporary Maximum Residue Limits (TMRLs) have been established to allow treated produce to be used for human and animal consumption. An MRL has been established for PROCYMIDONE in Broad bean (dry) [faba bean (dry)], Common bean (dry) [navy bean (dry)], Broad bean (dry) [faba bean (dry)] forage and fodder and Common bean (dry) [navy bean (dry)] forage and fodder. MRLs can be found in the *Agricultural and Veterinary Code (MRL Standard) Instrument 2019*. MRLs apply only to produce marketed and consumed in Australia. If treated produce is to be exported, residues must not exceed the limits/tolerances of the importing country.

Issued by the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority