



Australian Government
**Australian Pesticides and
Veterinary Medicines Authority**

**PERMIT TO ALLOW MINOR USE OF A REGISTERED AGVET CHEMICAL
PRODUCT FOR CONTROL OF ANTHRACNOSE IN OLIVES**

PERMIT NUMBER – PER88358

This permit is issued to the Permit Holder in response to an application granted by the APVMA under section 112 of the Agvet Codes of the jurisdictions set out below. This permit allows a person, as stipulated below, to use the product in the manner specified in this permit in the designated jurisdictions. This permit also allows the Permit Holder and any person stipulated below to claim that the product can be used in the manner specified in this permit.

THIS PERMIT IS IN FORCE FROM 2 JULY 2020 TO 31 JULY 2023

Permit Holder:

HORTICULTURE INNOVATION AUSTRALIA LTD
Level 7, 141 Walker Street
NORTH SYDNEY NSW 2060

Persons who can use the product under this permit:

Persons generally.

CONDITIONS OF USE

Products to be used:

UNIZEB 420 SC FUNGICIDE (APVMA No. 49487)

PLUS OTHER REGISTERED PRODUCTS

Containing: 420 g/L MANCOZEB as the only active constituent.

DITHANE RAINSHIELD NEO TEC FUNGICIDE (APVMA No. 59688)

PLUS OTHER REGISTERED PRODUCTS

Containing: 750 g/kg MANCOZEB as the only active constituent.

FARMOZ MANCOZEB 800 AGRICULTURAL FUNGICIDE (APVMA No. 39325)

PLUS OTHER REGISTERED PRODUCTS

Containing: 800 g/kg MANCOZEB as the only active constituent.

Directions for Use:

Crop	Pest / Disease	Rate
Olives	Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum gleosporioides</i>)	<u>420 g/L product</u> 360 mL/100L <u>750 g/kg product</u> 200 g/100L <u>800 g/kg product</u> 190 g/100L

Critical Use Comments:

- Apply the treatment preferably before the disease infects the trees. This will depend upon whether the olive grove is in a susceptible area (e.g. summer rains), and the season (unseasonal humid and moist conditions).
- Treatment timing: at pruning (June to July); before flowering (October to November); early fruit set (December to January).
- Apply foliar treatment by air-blast sprayer or similar equipment.
- Apply in sufficient water volume to provide adequate penetration and obtain thorough and uniform coverage of foliage.
- Use a maximum spray volume of 1500 L.
- DO NOT apply more than 4 applications per season.
- DO NOT apply less than 14 days after the initial treatment.
- The use of an appropriate wetting agent is recommended to improve the spread of the chemical over the leaves and fruit, and subsequent adherence. Refer to the product label of the active chemical and the label of the wetting agent for guidance.

Withholding Period:

Harvest: Do not harvest for 14 days after application.

Jurisdiction:

All States and Territories.

Additional Conditions:

This permit allows for the use of a product in a manner specified on the permit. Persons who wish to prepare for use and/or use products for the purposes specified in this permit must read, or have read to them, the details and conditions of this permit. Unless otherwise stated, the use of the product must be in accordance with the product label.

To Avoid Crop Damage

The sensitivity of the crop to be treated under this permit has not been fully evaluated. It is advisable to only treat a small area to ascertain the reaction before treating the whole crop.

Export of treated produce

Temporary Maximum Residue Limits (TMRLs) have been established to allow treated produce to be used for human consumption. TMRLs have been established for DITHIOCARBAMATES (MANCOZEB, METHAM, METIRAM, THIRAM, ZINEB and ZIRAM) in TABLE OLIVES and OLIVES FOR OIL PRODUCTION. MRLs can be found in the *Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Code (MRL Standard) Instrument 2019*. MRLs apply only to produce marketed and consumed in Australia. If treated produce is to be exported, residues must not exceed the limits/tolerances of the importing country.

Issued by the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority