



Australian Government
**Australian Pesticides and
Veterinary Medicines Authority**

**PERMIT TO ALLOW MINOR USE OF A REGISTERED AGVET CHEMICAL
PRODUCT FOR CONTROL OF LOCUSTS IN SPECIFIED CROPS AND SITUATIONS**

PERMIT NUMBER – PER11843

This permit is issued to the Permit Holder in response to an application granted by the APVMA under section 112 of the Agvet Codes of the jurisdictions set out below. This permit allows a person, as stipulated below, to use the product in the manner specified in this permit in the designated jurisdictions. This permit also allows the Permit Holder and any person stipulated below to claim that the product can be used in the manner specified in this permit.

THIS PERMIT IS IN FORCE FROM 29 OCTOBER 2009 TO 31 JULY 2024

Permit Holder:

NSW DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY INDUSTRIES
105 PRINCE STREET
ORANGE NSW 2800

Persons who can use the product under this permit:

Persons generally.

CONDITIONS OF USE

Products to be used:

FYFANON 440 EW INSECTICIDE (APVMA No. 51150)

PLUS OTHER REGISTERED PRODUCTS

Containing: 440 g/L MALATHION as the only active constituent.

FYFANON 1000 EC INSECTICIDE (APVMA No. 62194)

PLUS OTHER REGISTERED PRODUCTS

Containing: 1000 g/L MALATHION as the only active constituent.

HY-MAL INSECTICIDE (APVMA No. 48992)

PLUS OTHER REGISTERED PRODUCTS

Containing: 1150 g/L MALATHION as the only active constituent.

FYFANON ULV INSECTICIDE (APVMA No. 49539)

PLUS OTHER REGISTERED PRODUCTS

Containing: 1169 g/L MALATHION as the only active constituent.

NUFARM CHLORPYRIFOS 500 EC INSECTICIDE (APVMA No. 32902)

PLUS OTHER REGISTERED PRODUCTS

Containing: 500 g/L CHLORPYRIFOS as the only active constituent.

RESTRAINT:

Chlorpyrifos products:

DO NOT use in home garden situations.

DO NOT use on turf accessible by the public.

Directions for Use:

Crop	Pest	Rate
Crops listed on the approved label	Australian Plague Locust (<i>Chortoicetes terminifera</i>) Spur-throated Locust (<i>Austracris guttulosa</i>) Migratory Locust (<i>Locusta migratoria</i>)	No greater than the label rate for the crop being treated.

Critical Use Comments:

- Note the highest label rate for a particular crop may be less than the label rate for Australian plague locust. Therefore, efficacy may be less than expected.

Withholding Period:

Harvest: Adhere to the withholding periods for crops as specified on the approved label of the registered product.

Grazing: If the crop or pasture is to be cut for stockfeed, do not sell any stock that have been fed cut material for export slaughter until the Export Slaughter Interval (ESI) set below has been observed. *The ESI is the minimum period that must elapse between removal of grazing livestock to clean pasture or clean feed and slaughter.*

Grazing treated areas for either:

- Domestic markets and for livestock producing milk for human consumption, and/or
- Export markets.

REFER TO THE FOLLOWING RELEVANT SECTIONS:

Export and Grazing Intervals:

LIVESTOCK DESTINED FOR THE DOMESTIC MARKET & LIVESTOCK PRODUCING MILK FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION

Observe the grazing withholding periods as specified on the approved product labels before grazing treated pastures or fodder crops or cutting them for stockfeed.

OR

If over-spraying of grazing livestock is unavoidable and does occur, withhold stock from slaughter until the Export Grazing Interval (EGI) or Export Slaughter Interval is met. The EGI is the minimum period that must elapse between the application of the chemical product and slaughter of the stock, where grazing has continued on the crop/pasture from the time that the chemical product was applied.

LIVESTOCK DESTINED FOR EXPORT MARKETS

The above withholding periods for grazing or cutting for stock food only applies to stock slaughtered for the domestic market. Some export markets apply different standards. To meet these standards, ensure that the Export Slaughter Interval (ESI) or the Export Grazing Interval (EGI) stated below for the relevant chemical product used is observed before stock are sold or slaughtered.

EXPORT SLAUGHTER INTERVALS (ESI):

CHLORPYRIFOS: Livestock that have been grazing on or fed treated material from treated areas and/or over-sprayed with products containing chlorpyrifos should be placed on clean feed for 56 days (8 weeks) prior to export slaughter.

MALATHION: No ESI is available for areas treated with malathion and livestock management MUST adhere to the requirements of the above withholding periods

EXPORT GRAZING INTERVAL (EGI):

CHLORPYRIFOS: Livestock that have been grazing on treated crops and/or over-sprayed with products containing chlorpyrifos should not be sold for export slaughter for 56 days (8 weeks) after application of the chemical product, unless the Export Slaughter Interval has been observed.

MALATHION: No EGI is available for areas treated with malathion and livestock management MUST adhere to the requirements of the above withholding periods.

Additional Information:

These chemicals may persist in treated areas (including dry pasture and stored animal feed, e.g. hay) for long periods. Livestock fed on areas that were treated when drying off or while dry, may have residues at levels unacceptable to our overseas markets. Similarly, feeds harvested from treated areas when drying off or while dry, may have unacceptable levels of residues. The treated area must be regarded as contaminated until there has been substantial re-growth (i.e. following good rains or the autumn break).

Livestock grazing or receiving contaminated feed should be managed in accordance with the Export Intervals described above. If further advice is required, contact your local State Department of Agriculture or Primary Industries, or the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority (APVMA).

Vendor Declaration

Vendors may use Question 9 on the NVD (Cattle) or Question 7 on the NVD (Sheep) to confirm to buyers that the stock have been managed in accordance with the requirements of Permit PER11843.

Jurisdiction:

NSW, NT, QLD, SA and WA only.

Note: Victoria is not included in this permit, as their Control-of-Use legislation means a permit is not required to legalise this off-label use in that State.

Additional Conditions:

This permit allows for the use of a product in a manner specified on the permit. Persons who wish to prepare for use and/or use products for the purposes specified in this permit must read, or have read to them, the details and conditions of this permit. Unless otherwise stated, the use of the product must be in accordance with the product label.

Other Matters.

Continued issuance of this permit is subject to the outcomes of the current APVMA review of maldison (malathion) and chlorpyrifos. This permit may be impacted by the outcomes of this review.

Issued by the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority

Note: 11/08/2010 – Permit expiry date extended to 30/10/11. Permit issued as Version 2.

31/08/2010 – Permit updated to add chlorpyrifos based products added to *Products to be used*. Permit issued as Version 3.

04/02/2011 – Permit updated to add EAFI, ESI and EGI information for products covered by this permit and pest extension to include spur throated and migratory locust. Permit issued as Version 4.

05/08/2015 – Permit updated to add NT, QLD, SA and WA to the jurisdiction. Permit expiry extended to 31/07/2020. Permit issued as Version 5.

30/06/2020 – Permit updated to include APVMA product approval numbers in *Products to be used*. Permit expiry extended to 31/07/2021. Permit issued as Version 6.

10/05/2021 – Permit title updated for clarity and active constituent amended from maldison to malathion. Permit expiry extended to 31/07/2024. Permit issued as Version 7.