



Australian Government
**Australian Pesticides and
Veterinary Medicines Authority**

**PERMIT TO ALLOW MINOR USE OF A REGISTERED AGVET CHEMICAL
PRODUCT FOR CONTROL OF DOWNY MILDEW IN SNOW PEAS, SUGAR SNAP PEAS,
AND FIELD GROWN CAPSICUM, CHILLIES AND PAPRIKA**

PERMIT NUMBER – PER82456

This permit is issued to the Permit Holder in response to an application granted by the APVMA under section 112 of the Agvet Codes of the jurisdictions set out below. This permit allows a person, as stipulated below, to use the product in the manner specified in this permit in the designated jurisdictions. This permit also allows the Permit Holder and any person stipulated below to claim that the product can be used in the manner specified in this permit.

THIS PERMIT IS IN FORCE FROM 27 JUNE 2017 TO 31 MAY 2030

Permit Holder:

HORTICULTURE INNOVATION AUSTRALIA LTD
Level 7, 141 Walker Street
NORTH SYDNEY NSW 2060

Persons who can use the product under this permit:

Persons generally.

CONDITIONS OF USE

Products to be used:

RIDOMIL GOLD MZ WG SYSTEMIC & PROTECTIVE FUNGICIDE (APVMA No. 52926)
PLUS OTHER REGISTERED PRODUCTS

Containing: 640 g/kg MANCOZEB and
40 g/kg METALAXYL-M as the only active constituents.

RESTRAINT:

DO NOT use in protected cropping situations.
All label restraints must be adhered to.

SPRAY DRIFT RESTRAINTS:

Specific definitions for terms used in this section can be found at apvma.gov.au/spraydrift.

DO NOT allow bystanders to come into contact with the spray cloud.

DO NOT apply in a manner that may cause an unacceptable impact to native vegetation, agricultural crops, landscaped gardens and aquaculture production, or cause contamination of plant or livestock commodities, outside the application site from spray drift. Wherever possible, correctly use application equipment designed to reduce spray drift and apply when the wind direction is away from these sensitive areas.

DO NOT apply unless the wind speed is between 3 and 20 kilometres per hour at the application site during the time of application.

DO NOT apply if there are hazardous surface temperature inversion conditions present at the application site during the time of application. Surface temperature inversion conditions exist most evenings 1 to 2 hours before sunset and persist until 1 to 2 hours after sunrise.

Directions for Use:

| Crop | Disease | Rate |
|--|--|---------------------------------|
| Snow peas, sugar snap peas Field grown capsicums, chillies & paprika | Downy mildew (<i>Peronospora</i> spp.) | 2.5 kg in 200 to 500 L water/ha |

Critical Use Comments:

- Apply as directed on the label for lettuce; consisting of 2 consecutive sprays at 7-10 days intervals when conditions favour disease development.
- Do not wait for disease to appear. Use the shorter interval when infection pressure is severe ensuring thorough coverage of plants.
- Apply using boom spray or equivalent equipment.
- Add non-ionic surfactant to the spray mix.
- DO NOT allow re-entry into treated areas until spray has dried.

Withholding Period:

Snow peas, sugar snap peas:

Harvest: Do not harvest for 14 days after application.

Grazing: Do not graze or cut for stock food.

Field grown capsicums, chillies & paprika:

Harvest: Do not harvest for 7 days after application.

Jurisdiction:

All States and Territories, except VIC.

Note: Victoria is not included in this permit, as their Control-of-Use legislation means a permit is not required to legalise this off-label use in that State.

Additional Conditions:

This permit allows for the use of a product in a manner specified on the permit. Persons who wish to prepare for use and/or use products for the purposes specified in this permit must read, or have read to them, the details and conditions of this permit. Unless otherwise stated, the use of the product must be in accordance with the product label.

The holder of the permit must notify the APVMA of new information, including relevant information in accordance with section 161 of the Schedule to the Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Code Act 1994, in accordance with the obligation imposed by that section.

To Avoid Crop Damage

The sensitivity of the crop to be treated under this permit has not been fully evaluated. It is advisable to only treat a small area to ascertain the reaction before treating the whole crop.

Export of treated produce

Maximum Residue Limits (MRLs) or Temporary Maximum Residue Limits (TMRLs) have been established to allow treated produce to be used for human consumption. An MRL has been established for mancozeb (dithiocarbamates) and metalaxyl-M (metalaxyl) in snow peas, sugar snap peas, capsicums, chilli, and paprika. MRLs can be found in the *Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals (MRL Standard for Residues of Chemical Products) Instrument 2023*. MRLs apply only to produce marketed and consumed in Australia. If treated produce is to be exported, residues must not exceed the limits/tolerances of the importing country.

Issued by the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority

Note: 22/07/2020 – Permit updated to list a new registered product, and update condition text. Permit expiry extended to 31/07/2025. Permit issued as Version 2.

09/05/2025 – Permit updated to add spray drift restraints. Permit expiry extended to 31/05/2030. Permit issues as Version 3.